Notice No. TTL:IL0028517-24

Public Notice Beginning Date: July 03, 2024

Public Notice Ending Date: August 02, 2024

National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES)
Permit Program

PUBLIC NOTICE/FACT SHEET
of
Draft Modified NPDES Permit to Discharge into Waters of the State

Public Notice/Fact Sheet Issued By:

Illinois EPA
Division of Water Pollution Control
Permit Section
1021 North Grand Avenue East
Post Office Box 19276
Springfield, Illinois 62794-9276
217/782-0610

Name and Address of Permittee:

City of DuQuoin 302 East Poplar St., P.O. Box 466 DuQuoin, Illinois 62832 Name and Address of Facility: City of DuQuoin-STP 896 East Cole Street DuQuoin, Illinois 62832

(Perry County)

The Illinois Environmental Protection Agency (IEPA) has made a tentative determination to issue a NPDES Permit to discharge into the waters of the state and has prepared a draft Permit and associated fact sheet for the above named Permittee. The Public Notice period will begin and end on the dates indicated in the heading of this Public Notice/Fact Sheet. All comments on the draft Permit and requests for hearing must be received by the IEPA by U.S. Mail, carrier mail or hand delivered by the Public Notice Ending Date. Interested persons are invited to submit written comments on the draft Permit to the IEPA at the above address. Commentors shall provide his or her name and address and the nature of the issues proposed to be raised and the evidence proposed to be presented with regards to those issues. Commentors may include a request for public hearing. Persons submitting comments and/or requests for public hearing shall also send a copy of such comments or requests to the Permit applicant. The NPDES Permit and notice numbers must appear on each comment page.

The application, engineer's review notes including load limit calculations, Public Notice/Fact Sheet, draft Permit, comments received, and other documents are available for inspection and may be copied at the IEPA between 9:30 a.m. and 3:30 p.m. Monday through Friday when scheduled by the interested person.

If written comments or requests indicate a significant degree of public interest in the draft Permit, the permitting authority may, at its discretion, hold a public hearing. Public notice will be given 45 days before any public hearing. Response to comments will be provided when the final Permit is issued. For further information, please call Todd Lamm at 217/782-0610.

The following water quality and effluent standards and limitations were applied to the discharge:

Title 35: Environmental Protection, Subtitle C: Water Pollution, Chapter I: Pollution Control Board and the Clean Water Act were applied in determining the applicable standards, limitations and conditions contained in the draft Permit.

The applicant is engaged in treating domestic and industrial wastewater for the City of DuQuoin.

The length of the Permit is approximately 5 years.

The main discharge number is 001. The seven day once in ten year low flow (7Q10) of the receiving stream, Phil's Creek is 0 cfs.

The design average flow (DAF) for the facility is 2.4 million gallons per day (MGD) and the design maximum flow (DMF) for the facility is 6 MGD. Treatment consists of screening, equalization, extended aeration, rapid sand filtration, final sedimentation (settling), and discharge to surface water. Sludge treatment consists of aerobic digestion, belt filtration, and land application.

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This Modified Permit does not increase the facility's DAF, DMF, concentration limits, and/or load limits.

The IEPA will accept comments on the following draft modifications to the Permit:

Special Condition 17 has been revised to extend the milestone due dates for application for construction permit, construction and attainment of operational level of disinfection equipment as such:

Submittal of application to construct 9/1/2025
Start Construction 3/15/2026
Complete Construction / Achieve Operational Level 12/01/2027

Application is made for the existing discharge which is located in Perry County, Illinois. The following information identifies the discharge point, receiving stream and stream classifications:

Discharge				Stream	Integrity
Number	Receiving Stream	<u>Latitude</u>	<u>Longitude</u>	Classification	Rating
001	Phil's Creek	38° 1' 12" North	89° 13' 7" West	General Use	Not Rated

To assist you further in identifying the location of the discharge(s) please see the attached map.

The stream segment(s) NEBB-DQ-C1A, receiving the discharge from outfall(s) 001 is on the draft 2016 303(d) list of impaired waters.

The following parameters have been identified as the pollutants causing impairment:

Potential Causes

Dissolved Oxygen

Aquatic life

The agency has performed a risk assessment study for eutrophication using monitoring results of sestonic chlorophyll-a concentration, pH and dissolved-oxygen saturation from monitoring station, NE-05, approximately 15 miles downstream of STP Outfall 001. The data was collected during the months of May through October from 2014 through 2018. The Agency's data from monitoring station NE-05 show the median sestonic chlorophyll-a did not exceed 26 ug/L, the daily maximum pH is less than 9.0, and the maximum pH and daily maximum dissolved-oxygen saturation did not exceed 8.35 and 110% respectively.

The discharge(s) from the facility is (are) proposed to be monitored and limited at all times as follows:

Discharge Number(s) and Name(s): STP Outfall 001

Load limits computed based on a design average flow (DAF) of 2.4 MGD (design maximum flow (DMF) of 6 MGD).

The effluent of the above discharge(s) shall be monitored and limited at all times as follows:

		LOAD LIMITS lbs/day <u>DAF (DMF)*</u>		CONCENTRATION <u>LIMITS mg/L</u>			
<u>Parameter</u>	Monthly Average	Weekly <u>Average</u>	Daily <u>Maximum</u>	Monthly <u>Average</u>	Weekly <u>Average</u>	Daily <u>Maximum</u>	Regulation
CBOD₅**	200 (500)		400 (1,001)	10		20	35 IAC 304.120 40 CFR 133.102
Suspended Solids**	240 (600)		480 (1,201)	12		24	35 IAC 304.120 40 CFR 133.102
pH	Shall be in the	e range of 6 t	o 9 Standard U	nits			35 IAC 304.125
Fecal Coliform***	Daily Maximu	m shall not e	xceed 400 per	100 mL (May	through Octobe	er)	35 IAC 309.146
Chlorine Residual						0.038	35 IAC 302.208
Ammonia Nitrogen: (as N) March	52 (130)	128 (320)	300 (751)	2.6	6.4	15	35 IAC 355 and
April-May/SepOct.	30 (75)	128 (320)	300 (751)	1.5	6.4	15	35 IAC 302
June-August	30 (75)	78 (195)	230 (575)	1.5	3.9	11.5	
November-February	80 (200)		202 (505)	4.0		10.1	
Total Phosphorus (as P)	20 (50)			1.0			35 IAC 304.123
Total Nitrogen (as n)	Monitor Only						35 IAC 309.146

Zinc	0.87 (2.2)	3.3 (8.3)	0.0434		0.1659	35 IAC 309.146
			Monthly Avg. not less than	Weekly Avg. not less than	Daily Minimum	
Dissolved Oxygen March-July			NA	6.0	5.0	35 IAC 302.206
August-February			5.5	4.0	3.5	

^{*}Load Limits are calculated by using the formula: 8.34 x (Design Average and/or Maximum Flow in MGD) x (Applicable Concentration in mg/L).

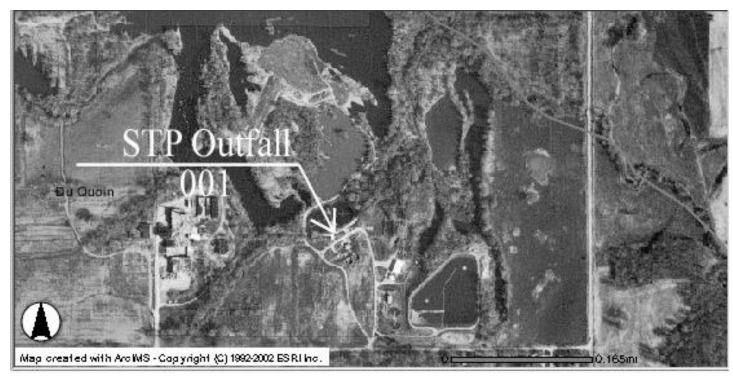
This draft Permit also contains the following requirements as special conditions:

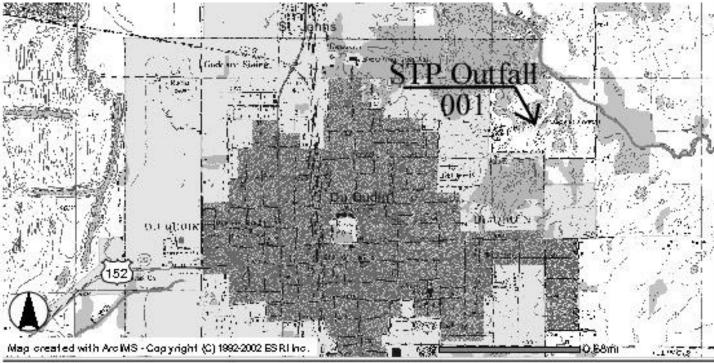
- 1. Reopening of this Permit to include different final effluent limitations.
- 2. Operation of the facility by or under the supervision of a certified operator.
- 3. Submission of the operational data in a specified form and at a required frequency at any time during the effective term of this Permit.
- 4. More frequent monitoring requirement without Public Notice in the event of operational, maintenance or other problems resulting in possible effluent deterioration.
- 5. Prohibition against causing or contributing to violations of water quality standards.
- 6. Recording the monitoring results on Discharge Monitoring Report Forms using one such form for each outfall each month and submitting the forms to IEPA each month.
- 7. Effluent sampling point location.
- 8. Provisions of 40 CFR Section 122.41 (m) & (n).
- 9. Controlling the sources of infiltration and inflow into the sewer system.
- 10. A requirement to monitor and a limit of 0.038 mg/L for residual chlorine when it is used.
- 11. Monitoring for arsenic, barium, cadmium, hexavalent chromium, total chromium, copper, cyanide (amenable to chlorination), total cyanide, fluoride, dissolved iron, total iron, lead, manganese, mercury, nickel, oil, phenols, selenium, silver and zinc is required to be conducted semi & annually beginning 3 months from the effective date.
- 12. Submission of annual fiscal data.
- 13. The Permittee is required to perform biomonitoring tests in the 18th, 15th, 12th and 9th months prior to the expiration date of the permit, and to submit the results of such tests to the IEPA within one week of receiving the results from the laboratory.
- 14. Submission of semi-annual reports indicating the quantities of sludge generated and disposed.
- 15. Maintain Phosphorus Discharge Optimization Plan.
- 16. Submission of Capacity, Management, Operations, and Maintenance (CMOM) plan.
- 17. Compliance Schedule for fecal coliform.
- 18. Requirement to meet 0.5 mg/L phosphorus limit by January 1, 2030.
- 19. 10-month monitoring of Phenols and Copper.
- 20. Metals Translator for Zinc.
- 21. Burden reduction.

^{**}BOD₅ and Suspended Solids (85% removal required): In accordance with 40 CFR 133, the 30-day average percent removal shall not be less than 85 percent.

^{***}Compliance schedules to provide the facility additional time to comply with fecal coliform effluent limits have been included in this draft permit.

22. Schedule of Compliance for Zinc.





Illinois Environmental Protection Agency

Division of Water Pollution Control

1021 North Grand Avenue East

Post Office Box 19276

Springfield, Illinois 62794-9276

NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM

Modified (NPDES) Permit

Expiration Date: July 31, 2026 Issue Date: July 15, 2021

Effective Date: August 01, 2021

Modification Date:

Name and Address of Permittee:

City of DuQuoin

302 East Poplar St., P.O. Box 466

DuQuoin, Illinois 62832

Facility Name and Address:

City of DuQuoin-STP 896 East Cole Street DuQuoin, Illinois 62832

(Perry County)

Receiving Waters: Phil's Creek

In compliance with the provisions of the Illinois Environmental Protection Act, Title 35 of the Ill. Adm. Code, Subtitle C, Chapter I, and the Clean Water Act (CWA), the above-named Permittee is hereby authorized to discharge at the above location to the above-named receiving stream in accordance with the Effluent Limitations, Monitoring, and Reporting requirements; Special Conditions and Attachment H Standard Conditions attached herein.

Permittee is not authorized to discharge after the above expiration date. In order to receive authorization to discharge beyond the expiration date, the Permittee shall submit the proper application as required by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency (IEPA) not later than 180 days prior to the expiration date.

Darin E. LeCrone, P.E. Manager, Permit Section Division of Water Pollution Control

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NPDES Permit No. IL0028517

Effluent Limitations, Monitoring, and Reporting

FINAL

Discharge Number(s) and Name(s): STP Outfall 001

Load limits computed based on a design average flow (DAF) of 2.4 MGD (design maximum flow (DMF) of 6 MGD).

From the modification date of this Permit until the expiration date, the effluent of the above discharge(s) shall be monitored and limited at all times as follows:

	LO	AD LIMITS II DAF (DMF		CONCENTRATION <u>LIMITS mg/L</u>				
<u>Parameter</u>	Monthly <u>Average</u>	Weekly <u>Average</u>	Daily <u>Maximum</u>	Monthly <u>Average</u>	Weekly <u>Average</u>	<u>Daily</u> <u>Maximum</u>	Sample <u>Frequency</u>	Sample <u>Type</u>
Flow (MGD)							Continuous	
CBOD ₅ ^{2,3,4}	200 (500)		400 (1,001)	10		20	1 Day/Week	Composite
Suspended Solids ³	240 (600)		480 (1,201)	12		24	1 Day/Week	Composite
рН	Shall be in	the range of	6 to 9 Standar	d Units			1 Day/Week	Grab
Fecal Coliform	Daily Maxi	mum shall no	ot exceed 400 p	er 100 mL (I	May through	October)	*	Grab
Chlorine Residual						0.038	**	Grab
Ammonia Nitrogen: (as N) March	52 (130)	128 (320)	300 (751)	2.6	6.4	15	1 Day/Week	Composite
April-May/SepOct.	30 (75)	128 (320)	300 (751)	1.5	6.4	15	1 Day/Week	Composite
June-August	30 (75)	78 (195)	230 (575)	1.5	3.9	11.5	1 Day/Week	Composite
November-February	80 (200)		202 (505)	4.0		10.1	1 Day/Week	Composite
Total Phosphorus (as P)	20 (50)			1.0			3 Days/Week	Composite
Total Nitrogen (as N)	Monitor Or	nly					3 Days/Week	Composite
Zinc***	0.87 (2.2)		3.3 (8.3)	0.0434		0.1659	3 Days/Week	Composite
				Monthly Average	Weekly Average			
				not less	not less	Daily		
Dissolved Oxygen				than	than	Minimum		
March-July				NA	6.0	5.0	3 Days/Week	Grab
August-February				5.5	4.0	3.5	3 Days/Week	Grab

¹Load limits based on design maximum flow shall apply only when flow exceeds design average flow.

Percent removal is a percentage expression of the removal efficiency across a treatment plant for a given pollutant parameter, as determined from the 30-day average values of the raw wastewater influent concentrations to the facility and the 30-day average values of the effluent pollutant concentrations for a given time period.

 $^{^2\}text{Carbonaceous BOD}_5$ (CBOD $_5$) testing shall be in accordance with 40 CFR 136.

³BOD₅ and Suspended Solids (85% removal required) For Discharge No. 001: In accordance with 40 CFR 133, the 30-day average percent removal shall not be less than 85 percent. The percent removal need not be reported to the IEPA on DMRs but influent and effluent data must be available, as required elsewhere in this Permit, for IEPA inspection and review. For measuring compliance with this requirement, 5 mg/L shall be added to the effluent CBOD₅ concentration to determine the effluent BOD₅ concentration.

⁴ A compliance schedule to provide the facility additional time to comply with the fecal coliform limits has been included in Special Condition 17 of this permit.

^{*}See Special Condition 17.

^{**}See Special Condition 10.

^{***}See Special Condition 22.

Page 3 Modification Date:

Flow shall be reported on the Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR) as monthly average and daily maximum.

Fecal Coliform shall be monitored May through October and reported on the DMR as a daily maximum value. pH shall be reported on the DMR as minimum and maximum value.

Chlorine Residual shall be reported on the DMR as daily maximum value.

Dissolved oxygen shall be reported on the DMR as a minimum value.

Total Nitrogen shall be reported on the DMR as a daily maximum value. Total Nitrogen is the sum total of Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen, Nitrate, and Nitrite.

Total Phosphorus shall be reported on the DMR as a daily maximum and monthly average value.

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NPDES Permit No. IL0028517

Effluent Limitations, Monitoring, and Reporting

The influent to the plant shall be monitored as follows:

Sample Frequency Sample Type <u>Parameter</u> Flow (MGD) Continuous BOD_5 1 Day/Week Composite Suspended Solids Composite

1 Day/Week

Influent samples shall be taken at a point representative of the influent.

Flow (MGD) shall be reported on the Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR) as monthly average and daily maximum.

BOD₅ and Suspended Solids shall be reported on the DMR as a monthly average concentration.

Special Conditions

<u>SPECIAL CONDITION 1</u>. This Permit may be modified to include different final effluent limitations or requirements which are consistent with applicable laws and regulations. The IEPA will public notice the permit modification.

SPECIAL CONDITION 2. The use or operation of this facility shall be by or under the supervision of a Certified Class 1 operator.

<u>SPECIAL CONDITION 3</u>. The IEPA may request in writing submittal of operational information in a specified form and at a required frequency at any time during the effective period of this Permit.

<u>SPECIAL CONDITION 4</u>. The IEPA may request more frequent monitoring by permit modification pursuant to 40 CFR § 122.63 and Without Public Notice.

<u>SPECIAL CONDITION 5</u>. The effluent, alone or in combination with other sources, shall not cause a violation of any applicable water quality standard outlined in 35 III. Adm. Code 302.

<u>SPECIAL CONDITION 6.</u> The Permittee shall record monitoring results on Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR) electronic forms using one such form for each outfall each month.

In the event that an outfall does not discharge during a monthly reporting period, the DMR Form shall be submitted with no discharge indicated.

The Permittee is required to submit electronic DMRs (NetDMRs) instead of mailing paper DMRs to the IEPA unless a waiver has been granted by the Agency. More information, including registration information for the NetDMR program, can be obtained on the IEPA website, https://mxww2.illinois.gov/epa/topics/water-quality/surface-water/netdmr/pages/quick-answer-quide.aspx.

The completed Discharge Monitoring Report forms shall be submitted to IEPA no later than the 25th day of the following month, unless otherwise specified by the permitting authority.

Permittees that have been granted a waiver shall mail Discharge Monitoring Reports with an original signature to the IEPA at the following address:

Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Division of Water Pollution Control Attention: Compliance Assurance Section, Mail Code # 19 1021 North Grand Avenue East Post Office Box 19276 Springfield, Illinois 62794-9276

<u>SPECIAL CONDITION 7:</u> Samples taken in compliance with the effluent monitoring requirements shall be taken at a point representative of the discharge, but prior to entry into the receiving stream.

SPECIAL CONDITION 8: The provisions of 40 CFR Section 122.41(m) & (n) are incorporated herein by reference.

<u>SPECIAL CONDITION 9:</u> Consistent with permit modification procedures in 40 CFR 122.62 and 63, this Permit may be modified to include requirements for the Permittee on a continuing basis to evaluate and detail its efforts to effectively control sources of infiltration and inflow into the sewer system and to submit reports to the IEPA if necessary.

<u>SPECIAL CONDITION 10:</u> For Discharge No. 001, any use of chlorine to control slime growths, odors or as an operational control, etc. shall not exceed the limit of 0.038 mg/L (daily maximum) total residual chlorine in the effluent. Sampling is required on a daily grab basis during the chlorination process. Reporting shall be submitted on the DMR's on a monthly basis.

<u>SPECIAL CONDITION 11:</u> The Permittee shall conduct semi-annual monitoring of the effluent and report concentrations (in mg/L) of the following listed parameters. Monitoring shall begin three (3) months from the effective date of this permit. The sample shall be a 24-hour effluent composite except as otherwise provided below and the results shall be submitted on Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR) electronic forms, unless otherwise specified by the IEPA. The parameters to be sampled and the minimum reporting limits to be attained are as follows:

STORET		Minimum
CODE	PARAMETER	reporting limit
01002	Arsenic	0.05 mg/L
01007	Barium	0.5 mg/L
01027	Cadmium	0.001 mg/L
01032	Chromium (hexavalent) (grab)	0.01 mg/L
01034	Chromium (total)	0.05 mg/L
01042	Copper	0.005 mg/L
00720	Cyanide (total) (grab)***	5.0 μg/L

Special Conditions

00722	Cyanide (grab) (available**** or amenable to chlorination)***	5.0 μg/L
00951	Fluoride	0.1 mg/L
01045	Iron (total)	0.5 mg/L
01046	Iron (Dissolved)	0.5 mg/L
01051	Lead	0.05 mg/L
01055	Manganese	0.5 mg/L
71900	Mercury (grab)**	1.0 ng/L*
01067	Nickel	0.005 mg/L
00556	Oil (hexane soluble or equivalent) (Grab Sample only)	5.0 mg/L
32730	Phenols (grab)	0.005 mg/L
01147	Selenium	0.005 mg/L
01077	Silver (total)	0.003 mg/L
01092	Zinc	0.025 mg/L

The minimum reporting limit for each parameter is specified by Illinois EPA as the regulatory authority.

The minimum reporting limit for each parameter shall be greater than or equal to the lowest calibration standard and within the acceptable calibration range of the instrument.

The minimum reporting limit is the value below which data are to be reported as non-detects.

The statistically-derived laboratory method detection limit for each parameter shall be less than the minimum reporting limit required for that parameter.

All sample containers, chemical and thermal preservation, holding times, analyses, method detection limit determinations and quality assurance/quality control requirements shall be in accordance with 40 CFR Part 136.

Unless otherwise indicated, concentrations refer to the total amount of the constituent present in all phases, whether solid, suspended or dissolved, elemental or combined, including all oxidation states.

- *1.0 ng/L = 1 part per trillion.
- **Utilize USEPA Method 1631E and the digestion procedure described in Section 11.1.1.2 of 1631E.
- ***Analysis for cyanide (available or amenable to chlorination) is only required if cyanide (total) is detected at or above the minimum reporting limit.
- *****USEPA Method OIA-1677 or Standard Method SM 4500-CN G.

The Permittee shall sample and analyze the effluent for the pollutants identified in 40 CFR Appendix J, Table 2. Provide data from a minimum of 3 samples taken within four and one-half years prior to the expiration of this Permit. Samples must be representative of the seasonal variation in the discharge. All samples must be collected and analyzed in accordance with analytical methods approved under 40 CFR Part 136. Sample results shall be submitted with the application for renewal of this Permit.

The Permittee must provide notice of any new introduction of pollutants from an indirect discharger which would be subject to Section 301 or 306 of the Clean Water Act as if it were directly discharging these pollutants and any substantial change in the volume or character of pollutants being introduced by a source introducing pollutants at the time of issuance of this Permit. The notice must include information on the quality and quantity of effluent introduced and any anticipated impact of the change on the quantity or quality of the effluent to be discharged.

The Permittee shall provide a report briefly describing the permittee's pretreatment activities and an updated listing of the Permittee's significant industrial users. The list should specify which categorical pretreatment standards, if any, are applicable to each Industrial User. Permittees who operate multiple plants may provide a single report. Such report shall be submitted within six (6) months of the effective date of this Permit to the following addresses:

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Region 5 77 West Jackson Blvd. Chicago, Illinois 60604 Attention: Water Assurance Branch Enforcement and Compliance

Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Division of Water Pollution Control Attention: Compliance Assurance Section, Mail Code #19 1021 North Grand Avenue East Post Office Box 19276 Springfield, Illinois 62794-9276

Special Conditions

<u>SPECIAL CONDITION</u> 12: During January of each year the Permittee shall submit annual fiscal data regarding sewerage system operations to the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency/Division of Water Pollution Control/Compliance Assurance Section. The Permittee may use any fiscal year period provided the period ends within twelve (12) months of the submission date.

Submission shall be on forms provided by IEPA titled "Fiscal Report Form For NPDES Permittees".

SPECIAL CONDITION 13: The Permittee shall conduct biomonitoring of the effluent from Discharge Number(s) 001.

Biomonitoring

- A. Acute Toxicity Standard definitive acute toxicity tests shall be run on at least two trophic levels of aquatic species (fish, invertebrate) representative of the aquatic community of the receiving stream. Testing must be consistent with EPA/821-R-02-012. Unless substitute tests are pre-approved; the following tests are required:
 - 1. Fish 96-hour static LC₅₀ Bioassay using fathead minnows (*Pimephales promelas*).
 - 2. Invertebrate 48-hour static LC₅₀ Bioassay using Ceriodaphnia.
- B. Testing Frequency The above tests shall be conducted using 24-hour composite samples unless otherwise authorized by the IEPA. Sample collection and testing must be conducted in the 18th, 15th, 12th, and 9th month prior to the expiration date of this Permit. When possible, bioassay sample collection should coincide with sample collection for metals analysis or other parameters that may contribute to effluent toxicity.
- C. Reporting Results shall be reported according to EPA/821-R-02-012, Section 12, Report Preparation, and shall be mailed to IEPA, Bureau of Water, Compliance Assurance Section or emailed to <u>EPA.PrmtSpecCondtns@Illinois.gov</u> within one week of receipt from the laboratory. Reports are due to the IEPA no later than the 16th, 13th, 10th, and 7th month prior to the expiration date of this Permit.
- D. Toxicity Should a bioassay result in toxicity to >20% of organisms tested in the 100% effluent treatment, the IEPA may require, upon notification, six (6) additional rounds of monthly testing on the affected organism(s) to be initiated within 30 days of the toxic bioassay. Results shall be submitted to IEPA within one (1) week of becoming available to the Permittee. Should any of the additional bioassays result in toxicity to ≥50% of organisms tested in the 100% effluent treatments, the Permittee must contact the IEPA within one (1) day of the results becoming available to the Permittee and begin the toxicity identification and reduction evaluation process as outlined below.
- E. Toxicity Identification and Reduction Evaluation Should any of the additional bioassays result in toxicity to ≥50% of organisms tested in the 100% effluent treatment, the Permittee must contact the IEPA within one (1) day of the results becoming available to the Permittee and begin the toxicity identification evaluation process in accordance with Methods for Aquatic Toxicity Identification Evaluations, EPA/600/6-91/003. The IEPA may also require, upon notification, that the Permittee prepare a plan for toxicity reduction evaluation to be developed in accordance with Toxicity Reduction Evaluation Guidance for Municipal Wastewater Treatment Plants, EPA/833B-99/002, which shall include an evaluation to determine which chemicals have a potential for being discharged in the plant wastewater, a monitoring program to determine their presence or absence and to identify other compounds which are not being removed by treatment, and other measures as appropriate. The Permittee shall submit to the IEPA its plan for toxicity reduction evaluation within ninety (90) days following notification by the IEPA. The Permittee shall implement the plan within ninety (90) days or other such date as contained in a notification letter received from the IEPA.

The IEPA may modify this Permit during its term to incorporate additional requirements or limitations based on the results of the biomonitoring. In addition, after review of the monitoring results, the IEPA may modify this Permit to include numerical limitations for specific toxic pollutants. Modifications under this condition shall follow public notice and opportunity for hearing.

SPECIAL CONDITION 14: For the duration of this Permit, the Permittee shall determine the quantity of sludge produced by the treatment facility in dry tons or gallons with average percent total solids analysis. The Permittee shall maintain adequate records of the quantities of sludge produced and have said records available for IEPA inspection. The Permittee shall submit to the IEPA, at a minimum, a semi-annual summary report of the quantities of sludge generated and disposed of, in units of dry tons or gallons (average total percent solids) by different disposal methods including but not limited to application on farmland, application on reclamation land, landfilling, public distribution, dedicated land disposal, sod farms, storage lagoons or any other specified disposal method. Said reports shall be submitted to the IEPA by January 31 and July 31 of each year reporting the preceding January thru June and July thru December interval of sludge disposal operations.

Duty to Mitigate. The Permittee shall take all reasonable steps to minimize any sludge use or disposal in violation of this Permit.

Sludge monitoring must be conducted according to test procedures approved under 40 CFR 136 unless otherwise specified in 40 CFR 503, unless other test procedures have been specified in this Permit.

Special Conditions

Planned Changes. The Permittee shall give notice to the IEPA on the semi-annual report of any changes in sludge use and disposal.

The Permittee shall retain records of all sludge monitoring, and reports required by the Sludge Permit as referenced in Standard Condition 25 for a period of at least five (5) years from the date of this Permit.

If the Permittee monitors any pollutant more frequently than required by the Sludge Permit, the results of this monitoring shall be included in the reporting of data submitted to the IEPA.

The Permittee shall comply with existing federal regulations governing sewage sludge use or disposal and shall comply with all existing applicable regulations in any jurisdiction in which the sewage sludge is actually used or disposed.

The Permittee shall comply with standards for sewage sludge use or disposal established under Section 405(d) of the CWA within the time provided in the regulations that establish the standards for sewage sludge use or disposal even if the permit has not been modified to incorporate the requirement.

The Permittee shall ensure that the applicable requirements in 40 CFR Part 503 are met when the sewage sludge is applied to the land, placed on a surface disposal site, or fired in a sewage sludge incinerator.

Monitoring reports for sludge shall be reported on the form titled "Sludge Management Reports" to the following address:

Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Bureau of Water Compliance Assurance Section Mail Code #19 1021 North Grand Avenue East Post Office Box 19276 Springfield, Illinois 62794-9276

SPECIAL CONDITION 15. The Permittee shall maintain and implement a Phosphorus Discharge Optimization Plan. The plan shall include a schedule for the implementation of these optimization measures. Annual progress reports on the optimization of the existing treatment facilities shall be submitted electronically to EPA.PrmtSpecCondtns@illinois.gov with "IL0028517 Special Condition 15" as the subject of the email by March 31 of each year. As part of the plan, the Permittee shall evaluate a range of measures for reducing phosphorus discharges from the treatment plant, including possible source reduction measures, operational improvements, and minor facility modifications that will optimize reductions in phosphorus discharges from the wastewater treatment facility. The Permittee's evaluation shall include, but not be limited to, an evaluation of the following optimization measures:

- A. WWTF influent reduction measures.
 - 1. Evaluate the phosphorus reduction potential of users.
 - 2. Determine which sources have the greatest opportunity for reducing phosphorus (i.e., industrial, commercial, institutional, municipal and others).
 - a. Determine whether known sources (i.e., restaurant and food preparation) can adopt phosphorus minimization and water conservation plans.
 - b. Evaluate implementation of local limits on influent sources of excessive phosphorus.
- B. WWTF effluent reduction measures.
 - 1. Reduce phosphorus discharges by optimizing existing treatment processes.
 - a. Adjust the solids retention time for either nitrification, denitrification, or biological phosphorus removal.
 - b. Adjust aeration rates to reduce dissolved oxygen and promote simultaneous nitrification-denitrification.
 - c. Add baffles to existing units to improve microorganism conditions by creating divided anaerobic, anoxic, and aerobic zones.
 - d. Change aeration settings in plug flow basins by turning off air or mixers at the inlet side of the basin system.
 - e. Minimize impact on recycle streams by improving aeration within holding tanks.
 - f. Reconfigure flow through existing basins to enhance biological nutrient removal.
 - g. Increase volatile fatty acids for biological phosphorus removal.

SPECIAL CONDITION 16. The Permittee shall work towards the goals of achieving no discharges from sanitary sewer overflows or basement back-ups and ensuring that overflows or back-ups, when they do occur do not cause or contribute to violations of applicable standards or cause impairment in any adjacent receiving water. Overflows from sanitary sewers are expressly prohibited by this permit and by III. Adm. Code 306.304. As part of the process to ultimately achieve compliance through the elimination of and mitigating the adverse impacts of any such overflows if they do occur, the Permittee shall (A) identify and report to IEPA all SSOs that do occur, and (B) develop, implement and submit to the IEPA a Capacity, Management, Operations, and Maintenance (CMOM) plan which includes an Asset Management strategy within twenty-four (24) months of the effective date of this Permit or review and revise any existing plan accordingly. The Permittee shall modify the Plan to incorporate any comments that it receives from IEPA and shall implement the modified plan as soon as possible. The Permittee should work as appropriate, in consultation with affected authorities at the local, county, and/or state level to develop the plan components involving third party notification of overflow events. The Permittee may be required to construct additional sewage transport and/or treatment facilities in future permits or other enforceable documents should the

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implemented CMOM plan indicate that the Permittee's facilities are not capable of conveying and treating the flow for which they are designed.

The CMOM plan shall include the following elements:

A. Measures and Activities:

- 1. A complete map and system inventory for the collection system owned and operated by the Permittee;
- 2. Organizational structure; budgeting; training of personnel; legal authorities; schedules for maintenance, sewer system cleaning, and preventative rehabilitation; checklists, and mechanisms to ensure that preventative maintenance is performed on equipment owned and operated by the Permittee;
- 3. Documentation of unplanned maintenance;
- 4. An assessment of the capacity of the collection and treatment system owned and operated by the Permittee at critical junctions and immediately upstream of locations where overflows and backups occur or are likely to occur; use flow monitoring and/or sewer hydraulic modeling, as necessary;
- 5. Identification and prioritization of structural deficiencies in the system owned and operated by the Permittee. Include preventative maintenance programs to prevent and/or eliminate collection system blockages from roots or grease, and prevent corrosion or negative effects of hydrogen sulfide which may be generated within collection system;
- 6. Operational control, including documented system control procedures, scheduled inspections and testing, list of scheduled frequency of cleaning (and televising as necessary) of sewers;
- 7. The Permittee shall develop and implement an Asset Management strategy to ensure the long-term sustainability of the collection system. Asset Management shall be used to assist the Permittee in making decisions on when it is most appropriate to repair, replace or rehabilitate particular assets and develop long-term funding strategies; and
- 8. Asset Management shall include but is not limited to the following elements:
 - a. Asset Inventory and State of the Asset;
 - b. Level of Service:
 - c. Critical Asset Identification:
 - d. Life Cycle Cost; and
 - e. Long-Term Funding Strategy.

B. Design and Performance Provisions:

- 1. Monitor the effectiveness of CMOM;
- 2. Upgrade the elements of the CMOM plan as necessary; and
- 3. Maintain a summary of CMOM activities.

C. Overflow Response Plan:

- 1. Know where overflows and back-ups within the facilities owned and operated by the Permittee occur;
- 2. Respond to each overflow or back-up to determine additional actions such as clean up; and
- 3. Locations where basement back-ups and/or sanitary sewer overflows occur shall be evaluated as soon as practicable for excessive inflow/infiltration, obstructions or other causes of overflows or back-ups as set forth in the System Evaluation Plan.
- 4. Identify the root cause of the overflow or basement backup, and document to files;
- Identify actions or remediation efforts to reduce risk of reoccurrence of these overflows or basement backups in the future, and document to files.

D. System Evaluation Plan:

- 1. Summary of existing SSO and Excessive I/I areas in the system and sources of contribution;
- 2. Evaluate plans to reduce I/I and eliminate SSOs;
- 3. Evaluate the effectiveness and performance in efforts to reduce excessive I/I in the collection system;
- 4. Special provisions for Pump Stations and force mains and other unique system components; and
- 5. Construction plans and schedules for correction.

E. Reporting and Monitoring Requirements:

- 1. Program for SSO detection and reporting; and
- 2. Program for tracking and reporting basement back-ups, including general public complaints.

F. Third Party Notice Plan:

- Describes how, under various overflow scenarios, the public, as well as other entities, would be notified of overflows within the Permittee's system that may endanger public health, safety or welfare;
- 2. Identifies overflows within the Permittee's system that would be reported, giving consideration to various types of events

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including events with potential widespread impacts;

- 3. Identifies who shall receive the notification;
- 4. Identifies the specific information that would be reported including actions that will be taken to respond to the overflow;
- 5. Includes a description of the lines of communication; and
- 6. Includes the identities and contact information of responsible POTW officials and local, county, and/or state level officials.

For additional information concerning USEPA CMOM guidance and Asset Management please refer to the following web site addresses. http://www.epa.gov/npdes/pubs/cmom_guide_for_collection_systems.pdf and

http://water.epa.gov/type/watersheds/wastewater/upload/guide_smallsystems_assetmanagement_bestpratices.pdf

<u>SPECIAL CONDITION 17</u>. A fecal coliform limit of 400 per 100mL (May through October) and its sampling requirements shall become effective on December 1, 2026.

From the effective date of this permit until the operational date of this equipment, the facility shall sample fecal 1 day per month. Upon operational attainment, the sampling frequency shall increase to 3 days per week.

In order for the Permittee to achieve the limit, it will be necessary to modify existing treatment or explore other ways to prevent discharges that exceed the limit. The Permittee must implement the following compliance measures consistent with the schedule below:

Submittal of application to construct 9/1/2025
Start Construction 3/15/2026
Complete Construction / Achieve Operational Level 12/01/2027

All modifications of this Permit must be in accordance with 40 CFR 122.62 or 40 CFR 122.63.

REPORTING

The Permittee shall submit a report no later than fourteen (14) days following the completion dates indicated for each lettered item in the compliance schedule, indicating: a) the date the item was completed, or b) that the item was not completed, the reasons for non-completion and the anticipated completion date to the Agency Compliance Section. All reports shall be submitted to IEPA at the following address:

Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Attention: Compliance Assurance Section, Mail Code #19 Division of Water Pollution Control 1021 North Grand Avenue East Post Office Box 19276 Springfield, Illinois 62794-9276

SPECIAL CONDITION 18.

- A. Subject to paragraph B below, an effluent limit of 0.5 mg/L Total Phosphorus 12 month rolling geometric mean (calculated monthly), (hereinafter "Limit"), shall be met by the Permittee by January 1, 2030, unless the Permittee demonstrates that meeting such Limit is not technologically or economically feasible in one of the following manners:
 - 1. the Limit is not technologically feasible through the use of biological phosphorus removal (BPR) process(es) at the treatment facility; or
 - 2. the Limit would result in substantial and widespread economic or social impact. Substantial and widespread economic impacts must be demonstrated using applicable USEPA guidance, including but not limited to any of the following documents:
 - a. Interim Economic Guidance for Water Quality Standards, March 1995, EPA-823-95-002;
 - Combined Sewer Overflows Guidance for Financial Capability Assessment and Schedule Development, February 1997, EPA-832—97-004;
 - c. Financial Capability Assessment Framework for Municipal Clean Water Act Requirements, November 24, 2014; and
 - d. any additional USEPA guidance on affordability issues that revises, supplements or replaces those USEPA guidance documents; or
 - the Limit can only be met by chemical addition for phosphorus removal at the treatment facility in addition to those processes currently contemplated; or
 - 4. the Limit is demonstrated not to be feasible by January 1, 2030, but is feasible within a longer timeline, then the Limit shall be met as soon as feasible and approved by the Agency; or
 - 5. the Limit is demonstrated not to be achievable by the Permittee, then an effluent limit that is achievable by the Permittee (along with associated timeline) must be met, except that the effluent limit shall not exceed 0.6 mg/L Total Phosphorus 12 month rolling geometric mean (calculated monthly).

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- B. The Limit shall be met by the Permittee by January 1, 2030, except in the following circumstances:
 - 1. If the Permittee develops a written plan, preliminary engineering report or facility plan no later than January 1, 2025, to rebuild or replace the secondary treatment process(es) of the treatment facility, the Limit shall be met by December 31, 2035; or
 - 2. If the Permittee decides to construct/operate biological nutrient removal (BNR) process(es), incorporating nitrogen reduction, the Limit shall be met by December 31, 2035; or
 - If the Permittee decides to use chemical addition for phosphorus removal instead of BPR, the effluent limits of 0.5 mg/L Total Phosphorus 12 month rolling geometric mean (calculated monthly) and 1.0 mg/L Total Phosphorus monthly average shall be met by December 31, 2025; or
 - 4. If the Permittee has already installed chemical addition for phosphorus removal instead of BPR, and has a 1.0 mg/L Total Phosphorus monthly average effluent limit in its permit, or the Permittee is planning to install chemical addition with an IEPA construction permit that is issued on or before July 31, 2018, the 1.0 mg/L Total Phosphorus monthly average effluent limit (and associated compliance schedule) shall apply, and the Limit shall not be applicable.
- C. The Permittee shall identify and provide adequate justification of any exception identified in paragraph A or circumstance identified in paragraph B, regarding meeting the Limit. The justification shall be submitted to the Agency at the time of renewal of this permit or by December 31, 2024, whichever date is first. Any justification or demonstration performed by the Permittee pursuant to paragraph A or circumstance pursuant to paragraph B must be reviewed and approved by the Agency. The Agency will renew or modify the NPDES permit as necessary. No date deadline modification or effluent limitation modification for any of the exceptions or circumstances specified in paragraphs A or B will be effective until it is included in a modified or reissued NPDES Permit.
- D. For purposes of this permit, the following definitions are used:
 - BPR (Biological Phosphorus Removal) is defined herein as treatment processes which do not require use of supplemental
 treatment processes at the treatment facilities before or after the biological system, such as but not limited to, chemical
 addition, carbon supplementation, fermentation, or filtration. The use of filtration or additional equipment to meet other
 effluent limits is not prohibited, but those processes will not be considered part of the BPR process for purposes of this permit;
 and
 - 2. BNR (Biological Nutrient Removal) is defined herein as treatment processes used for nitrogen and phosphorus removal from wastewater before it is discharged. BNR treatment processes, as defined herein, do not require use of supplemental treatment processes at the treatment facilities before or after the biological system, such as but not limited to, chemical addition, carbon supplementation, fermentation or filtration. The use of filtration or additional equipment to meet other effluent limits is not prohibited, but those processes will not be considered part of the BNR process for purposes of this permit.
- E. The 0.5 mg/L Total Phosphorus 12 month rolling geometric mean (calculated monthly) limit applies to the effluent from the treatment plant.
- F. The Agency may re-open and modify this permit if additional information becomes available to the Agency concerning any phosphorus related impairment or risk of eutrophication of the receiving stream which may be affected by the Permittee's effluent. A phosphorus related impairment means that the downstream waterbody or segment is listed by the Agency as impaired due to dissolved oxygen and/or algae and/or aquatic plant growth problem that is related to excessive phosphorus levels. A waterbody or segment is at risk of eutrophication if the Agency, based on the available information, determines there is reasonable evidence that plant, algal or cyanobacterial growth is causing or will cause violation of a water quality standard. The permit modification will require the Permittee to develop, or be part of a watershed group that develops, and implement a Nutrient Assessment Reduction Plan (NARP). The NARP shall identify phosphorus input reductions and other measures necessary to remove relevant dissolved oxygen and offensive condition impairments or the risk of eutrophication. Additional specific NARP requirements will be included in any permit modification. Any permit modification will be public noticed and made available for public review and comment prior to issuance of any permit modification.

SPECIAL CONDITION 19. The Permittee shall monitor the effluent for the following parameters once a month for a period of ten (10) consecutive months, beginning three (3) months from the effective date of this Permit. This Permit may be modified with public notice to establish effluent limitations if appropriate, based on information obtained through sampling. The sample shall be a 24-hour effluent composite except as otherwise specifically provided below and the results shall be submitted on the DMRs to IEPA. The parameters to be sampled and the minimum reporting limits to be attained are as follows:

 STORET
 Minimum

 CODE
 PARAMETER
 Reporting Limit

 01042
 Copper
 0.005 mg/L

 32730
 Phenols (grab)
 0.005 mg/L

<u>SPECIAL CONDITION 20</u>. The Permittee may collect data in support of developing a site-specific metals translator for zinc consistent with EPA Guidance. Data collection to support a site-specific metals translator must include Total and dissolved metal samples collected at least once per week for twelve weeks and must be collected from representative flow of the effluent and from within the receiving stream at a location downstream of the discharge indicative of complete mixing between the effluent and the receiving water. The IEPA will review submitted sample data and may modify this Permit.

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<u>SPECIAL CONDITION 21</u>. The Permittee has undergone a Monitoring Reduction review and the influent and effluent sample frequency has been reduced for parameters due to sustained compliance. The IEPA may require that the influent and effluent sampling frequency for these parameters be increased without Public Notice. This provision does not limit EPA's authority to require additional monitoring, information or studies pursuant to Section 308 of the CWA.

SPECIAL CONDITION 22.

Schedule of Compliance with Final Effluent Limitations

Project Description: Compliance with Zinc

The Permittee shall achieve compliance with the final effluent limitations as specified in this Permit for Discharge Number(s) 001 by completion of the project described above in accordance with the following compliance schedule:

ITEM COMPLETION DATE

Zinc Effluent Limitation 1 year from the effective date of this Permit

This Permit may be modified, with Public Notice, to include revised compliance dates set out in this Permit.

In addition, the IEPA may initiate a modification of the compliance schedule set out in this Permit at any time, to include other dates which are necessary to carry out the provisions of the Illinois Environmental Protection Act, the Federal Clean Water Act or regulations promulgated under those Acts. Public Notice of such modification and opportunity for public hearing shall be provided.

Reporting

The Permittee shall submit a report no later than fourteen (14) days following the completion dates indicated for each lettered item in the compliance schedule, indicating, a) the date the item was completed, or b) that the item was not completed. All reports shall be submitted to <u>IEPA</u> at the following address:

Illinois Environmental Protection Agency
Division of Water Pollution Control
Attention: Compliance Assurance Section, Mail Code #19
1021 North Grand Avenue East
P.O. Box 19276
Springfield, Illinois 62794-9276